

Synchronization of real-time optical surface sensing with cone beam CT acquisition for image guided radiotherapy

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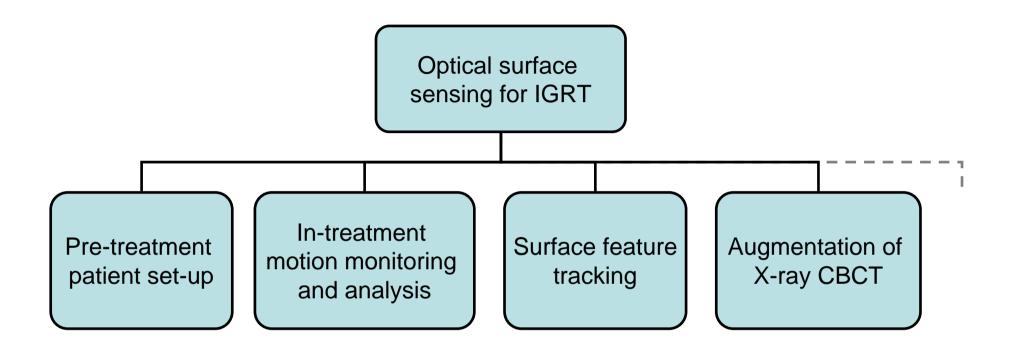
North Western Medical Physics
The Christie NHS Foundation Trust, Manchester

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Overview

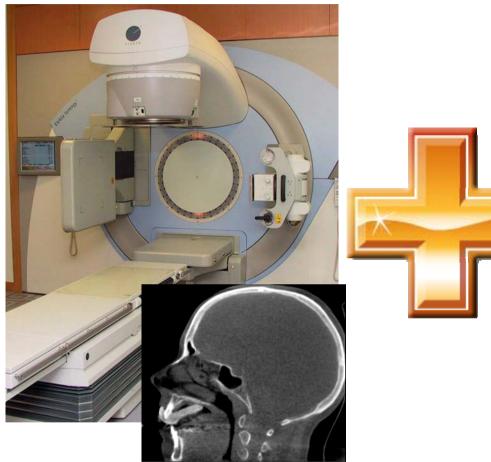


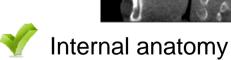




Introduction

Cone beam CT

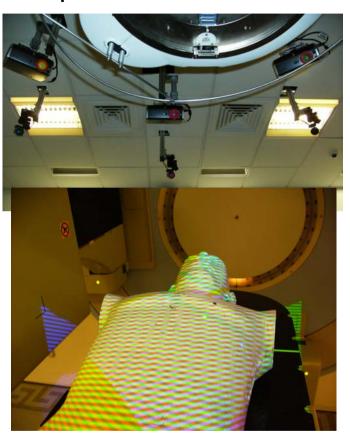




X Not real time



Optical surface sensor



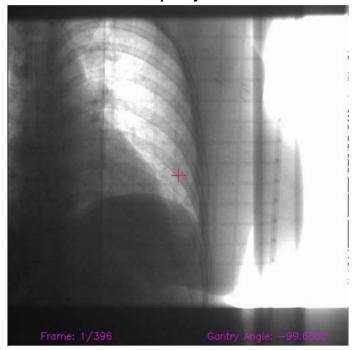


X Only surface data

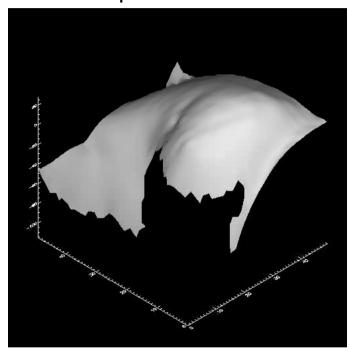


Combine data from CBCT and optical sensor

CBCT projections



Optical surface



Acquired simultaneously

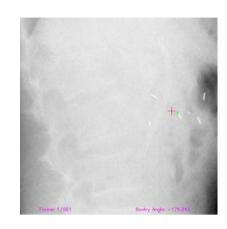
Combining the two requires synchronised data capture



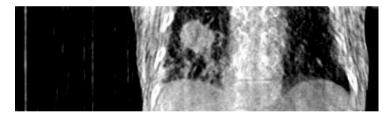


Why?

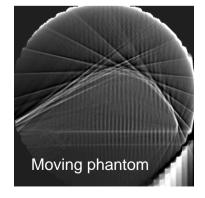
 Simultaneous tracking of surface and internal fiducials

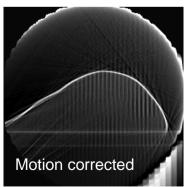


 Phase sorting of kV projections based on optical data (4D CBCT)



Motion correction of CBCT





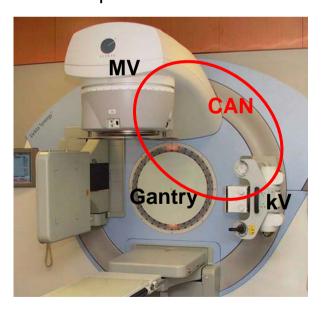




Methods

Synergy[™] uses a CAN Controller Area Network

CAN links CBCT & mega-voltage systems
The CBCT system gets gantry angle stamps via the CAN.



- Create interface to CAN to read:
 - kV acquisition on/off
 - current CBCT frame time
 - current gantry angle
- This data used to tag each optical video frame





Validation

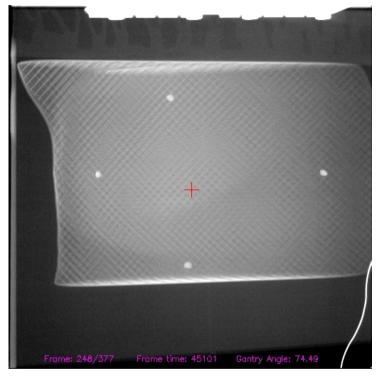
- Phantom produced from breast contours
- Placed on "breathing" stage
- Surface markers visible in x-ray and video images



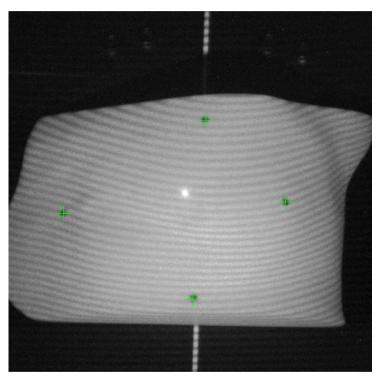




Synchronized data capture







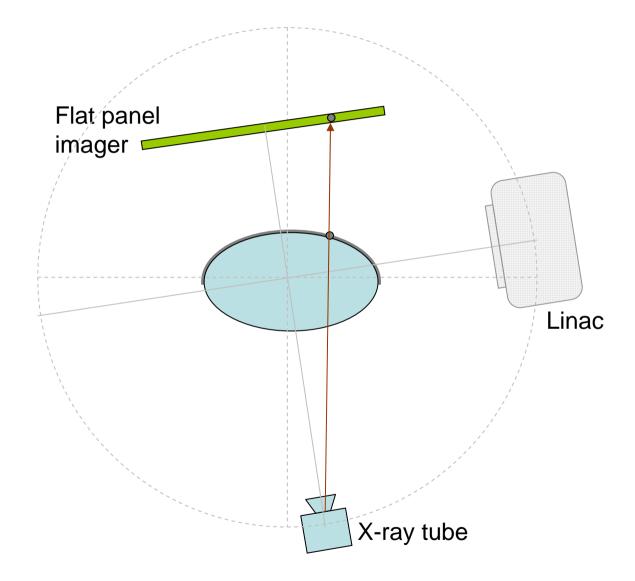
(b) Video frame from optical scanner

Can relate marker positions from optical surface to x-ray image coordinates





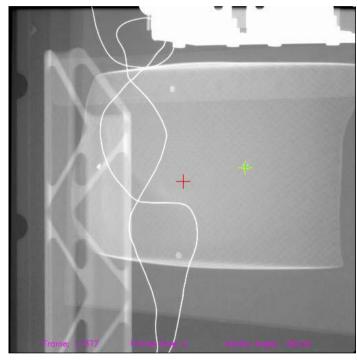
Projecting marker position into x-ray image coordinates



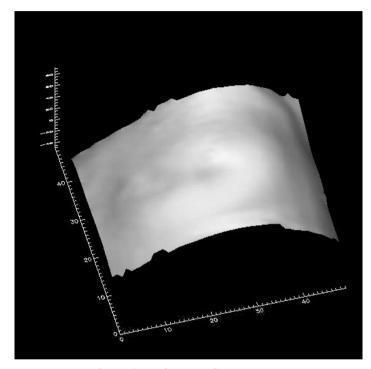




X-ray projections vs optical surface



X-ray projections

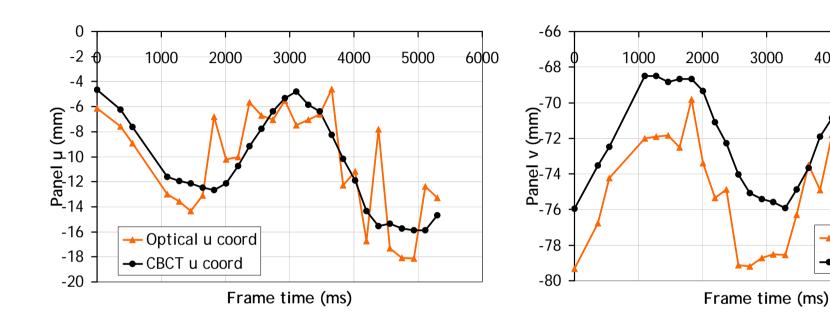


Optical surface





Results



- Temporal synchronization good
- Optical data noisy (n.b. 25Hz vs 6Hz)
- 1-2mm offset in v





4000

5000

Optical v coord

CBCT v coord

6000

Summary

- Demonstrated first temporally synchronized optical surface sensor and kV CBCT acquisition
- Initial results show good agreement between systems
- Next extend to multi-camera optical system
- Allows augmentation of x-ray images with dynamic optical data



